

Instruction Manual for 70C, 70D 75C and 75D FLEXIDYNE® Couplings and Drives

These instructions must be read thoroughly before installation or operation. This instruction manual was accurate at the time of printing. Please see **dodgeindustrial.com** for updated instruction manuals.

WARNING: To ensure the drive is not unexpectedly started, turn off and lock-out or tag power source before proceeding. Failure to observe these precautions could result in bodily injury.

WARNING: All products over 25 kg (55 lbs) are noted on the shipping package. Proper lifting practices are required for these products.

DESCRIPTION

FLEXIDYNE dry fluid couplings and drives are unique concepts to provide soft start and momentary overload protection for all types of driven equipment. Standard EMAB motors with RPM base speeds of 1750, 1160 or 860 are commonly used with a FLEXIDYNE coupling or drive, yet other available power sources may be used with the FLEXIDYNE mechanism.

The dry "fluid" in the FLEXIDYNE housing is heat treated steel shot. A measured amount, referred to as flow charge, is added into a housing which has been keyed to the motor shaft. When the motor is started, centrifugal force throws the flow charge to the perimeter of the housing, packs it between the housing and the rotor which in turn transmits power to the load.

After the starting period of slippage between housing and rotor the two become locked together and achieve full load speed, operating without slip and with 100% efficiency.

Consequently, the motor accelerates instantly to base speed, while the load starts gradually and smoothly.

WARNING: Because of the possible danger to person(s) or property from accidents which may result from the improper use of products, it is important that correct procedures be followed. Products must be used in accordance with the engineering information specified in the catalog. Proper installation, maintenance and operation procedures must be observed. The instructions in the instruction manuals must be followed. Inspections should be made as necessary to assure safe operation under prevailing conditions. Proper guards and other suitable safety devices or procedures as may be desirable or as may be specified in safety codes should be provided, and are neither provided by Dodge nor are the responsibility of Dodge. This unit and its associated equipment must be installed, adjusted and maintained by qualified personnel who are familiar with the construction and operation of all equipment in the system and the potential hazards involved. When risk to persons or property may be involved, a holding device must be an integral part of the driven equipment beyond the speed reducer output shaft.

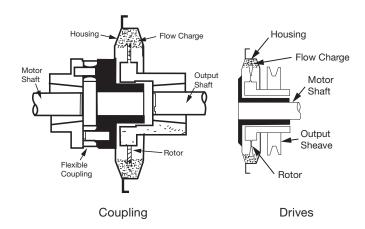


Figure 1 - Housing cross section

INSTALLATION

COUPLINGS:

Install coupling flange on motor shaft and drive housing mechanism on driven shaft in accordance with the instruction manual for the Taper-Lock® bushings.

NOTE: The coupling flange must be mounted on motor shaft (not driven shaft) to allow proper operation of the FLEXIDYNE coupling.

Shaft ends must not protrude beyond bushing ends. Install coupling disc over pins on drive housing mechanism. Position the motor and the driven unit so that the spacer buttons on the coupling disc slightly contact the coupling flange. Reference Dimension A on Parts Replacement Drawing.

(A = 5/8" on size 70C; A = 3/4" on size 75C)

For longest FLEXIDYNE coupling life, it is always desirable to align coupling as accurately as possible at initial installation. Check alignment by laying a straight edge across the coupling flange and drive housing at several points around the circumference.

NOTE: Driven shaft must not touch housing hub.

DRIVES:

Install the FLEXIDYNE special bolt-on sheave on the driven hub. Use screws and lock washers provided with the FLEXIDYNE drive. Torque screws to 160 inch-pounds.

Stake motor shaft key in place and slide FLEXIDYNE drive onto the motor shaft, with collar as close to the motor as possible. Tighten key set screw securely against motor shaft key. Tighten shaft set screw securely against motor shaft.

NOTE: The sheave is the output of the FLEXIDYNE drive, do not input power to the FLEXIDYNE drive through the sheave. In other words, do not mount the FLEXIDYNE drive on the driven shaft.

START-UP

- Remove the filler plug and install the proper amount of flow charge specified in Table 1. Replace and tighten filler plug, making sure that no flow charge is trapped in threads. Torque filler plug to 35 inch-pounds.
- Attach AC ammeter (conventional clamp-on or equivalent) to one line of the AC motor. Set range to cover 200% of motor nameplate current.
- Note the maximum allowable acceleration time as stated in Tables 1 and 2.

Note: Table 2 lists starting time capacity for starting cycles occurring more than once every 2 hours.

 Push start button. Observe motor current during load acceleration and number of seconds required to reach full speed (Fig. 2).

Increase amount of flow charge if:

- A. Acceleration time reaches maximum allowable before load is up to speed. Turn off power immediately if this time is reached.
- B. Acceleration amperage is below motor nameplate.

Decrease amount of flow charge if:

- A. Acceleration time is less than 1-1/2 seconds.
- B. Acceleration amperage is above 200% of motor nameplate.

Once satisfactory operation has been obtained, record the following for future reference:

- 1. The amount of flow charge
- 2. Starting current
- 3. Acceleration Time

WARNING: The rotor must slip during acceleration to allow flow charge to become evenly distributed in the FLEXIDYNE housing. Therefore, DO NOT ALLOW FLEXIDYNE MECHANISM TO RUN "FREE" (that is, without a load on the driven end), otherwise an out-of-balance condition may result, damaging mechanism and attached equipment.

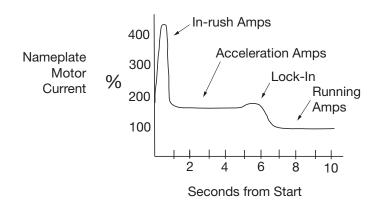


Figure 2 - Typical Motor Current vs. Time **OPERATION**

The amount of flow charge in the housing determines the acceleration time for a given load. Slower acceleration times will occur when less flow charge is used and faster acceleration, from stop to full speed, will be observed with greater amounts of flow charge.

The FLEXIDYNE mechanism should start the load smoothly and without delay, provided the proper amount of flow charge has been used. Should the acceleration time exceed the maximum allowable in Table 1, shut off power to the FLEXIDYNE mechanism immediately. Allow the FLEXIDYNE mechanism to cool, then add small amounts of flow charge until proper acceleration is observed.

Vibration is an indication of accelerating too rapidly and not allowing flow charge to become evenly distributed in the FLEXIDYNE housing. This can be corrected by removing small amounts of flow charge until vibration subsides. Other causes of vibration are: undersize shafting, unit not installed far enough on shaft or worn bore in the unit.

Slippage — The FLEXIDYNE mechanism can, without slipping, transmit overloads up to 130% of its pre-set starting torque. Should this breakaway torque be exceeded, the FLEXIDYNE mechanism will slip and generate heat (see Overload Protection). Although slippage usually indicates increased loads, it can also be caused by worn flow charge or a worn rotor especially if the FLEXIDYNE mechanism has been in operation for some time. The necessity to replace either a rotor or flow charge will be made evident by a loss in power transmitting capacity of the FLEXIDYNE mechanism.

MAINTENANCE

For average industrial applications involving 3 or 4 starts a day and of not more than 6 seconds acceleration time each, the flow charge should be changed every 10,000 hours of operation. For more severe conditions, visually inspect flow charge at more frequent intervals; it should be changed when it has deteriorated to a half powder, half granular condition. See page 8 for flow charge analysis. Visual inspections should continue until enough flow charge changes have been made to adequately establish a schedule for renewing FLEXIDYNE flow charge.

The FLEXIDYNE mechanism has been lubricated at the factory and no further lubrication is required. Never apply grease, oil or any other foreign material to the flow charge.

THERMAL CAPACITY

Since there is slippage within the flow charge during acceleration, heat is generated from friction. The thermal capacity of the FLEXIDYNE mechanism is based on balancing this heat generated during acceleration against the cooling time between accelerations. The amount of heat generated is determined by the amount of horsepower dissipated by slipping and the duration of each acceleration. If the flow charge weight is light, the heat generated will not be as great as that which would be generated with a heavier flow charge, when compared at the same acceleration time. A longer time between starts will dissipate more heat; therefore, higher starting horsepowers may be transmitted, or longer acceleration times may be allowable. (See Starting Cycle)

Acceleration times shown in Table 1 are for starting frequencies of one start per hour or less. If starting frequency is more than once per hour, use acceleration time for actual starting cycle shown in Table 2.

Acceleration times listed in Tables 1 and 2 are the MAXIMUM permissible for the various starting frequencies listed. The MINIMUM acceleration time required for proper FLEXIDYNE mechanism operation is 1 to 1½ seconds. This is the time required for the flow charge to be uniformly distributed around the housing cavity before the unit "locks in". Any acceleration time between the minimum and maximum listed is acceptable, although a shorter acceleration time will generally provide longer wear life. For applications requiring a specific acceleration time (within these limits) flow charge may be added or removed to produce the required results.

Stalled — If a jam-up stalls the drive, the motor continues to run and the FLEXIDYNE mechanism slips. This causes heat to be generated at twice the rate of normal acceleration. Therefore, the allowable slipping time, when stalled, is half the allowable acceleration time given in Table 1.

Starting Cycle is the time from the beginning of one acceleration to the beginning of the next. Allowable acceleration times in Table 2 are based on the assumption that the FLEXIDYNE mechanism will be running continuously except for a momentary stop before the next start. If the stop is more than momentary, decrease the actual starting cycle by one-half the stopped time before using Table 2; for example, with a 50 minute actual starting cycle of which 20 minutes is stopped time, decrease 50 by half of 20 to give 40 minutes as the starting cycle time to use for Table 2.

Grouped Starts — For several starts grouped together followed by uninterrupted running, add the acceleration times of all starts and consider it as the time for one start. The starting cycle would be the time from the beginning of one group of starts to the beginning of the next group.

				Table 1	- Flow C	harge Red	comme	ndation	ıs				
		Based	on % o	f Starti	na Torau	e for 1760	RPM N	IEMA D	esian B N	lotors			
100% @ 1760 RPM						e for 1760 RPM NEMA Design B N 125% @ 1750 RPM					50%@	1740 RP	M
Rated	FLEXIDYNE	<u> </u>	Flow Charge Max		Flow Charge May				150% @ 1740 RPM Flow Charge Max				
Motor	Mechanism	Starting	11011	ilai go	Time in	Starting	11011	l	Time in	Starting	11011	ilai go	Time in
HP	Size	HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Sec.	HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Sec.	HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Sec.
3	70C, 70D	3.0	1	11	150	3.7	1	13	123	4.5	1	14	105
5	70C, 70D	5.0	1	14	94	6.2	2	1	79	7.5	2	4	67
7-1/2	75C, 75D	7.5	1	11	71	9.4	1	14	60	11.2	2	1	54
10	75C, 75D	10.0	1	15	58	12.5	2	3	53	14.9	2	6	48
	I	175% @ 1700 PPM				4.	7E0/ @ -	1700 RP	NA.	1			
Rated	ed FLEXIDYNE 175% @ 1700 RPM Charting Flow Charge Max		Max			Charge	Max	1					
Motor	Mechanism	Starting	FIOW	marge	Time in	Starting		liarge	Time in				
HP	Size	HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Sec.	HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Sec.				
3	70C, 70D	5.1	2	0	93	5.1	2	0	93				
5	70C, 70D	8.5	2	8	60	8.5	2	8	60	-			
7-1/2	75C, 75D	12.7	2	4	52	12.7	2	4	52				
10	75C, 75D	17.0	2	9	43	17.0	2	9	43				
		Paged	on 9/ o	f Ctorti	na Torau	e for 1175	DDM N	EMA D	ooian P M	lotoro			
			00% @					1160 RP			50% @ ⁻	1150 RP	M
Rated	FLEXIDYNE			harge	Max	i		Charge	Max	İ		harge	Max
Motor HP	Mechanism Size	Starting HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Time in	Starting HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Time in	Starting HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Time in
1	70C, 70D	1.0	1	10	Sec. 500	1.2	1	12	Sec. 400	1.5	1	14	Sec. 33.
1-1/2	70C, 70D	1.5	1	13	300	1.9	2	1	260	2.2	2	3	210
2	75C, 75D	2.0	1	10	250	2.5	1	13	190	3.0	2	0	150
3	75C, 75D	3.0	1	15	150	3.7	2	3	125	4.5	2	7	100
Rated	FLEXIDYNE	1	75% @ 1	130 RP	М	20	00% @	1100 RP]				
Motor	Mechanism	Starting	Flow C	harge	Max	Starting Flow Charge Max							
HP	Size	HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Time in Sec.	HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Time in Sec.				
1	70C, 70D	1.7	2	1	290	1.9	2	4	260				
1-1/2	70C, 70D	2.5	2	6	190	2.8	2	9	170				
2	75C, 75D	3.4	2	2	135	3.8	2	6	120	ļ			
3	75C, 75D	5.1	2	10	89	5.7	2	12	82				
			0/				DD14.11		. 5.4				
	I					e for 875					50% @	OFO DD	N/I
Rated	I I LIOW Charge I May I		125% @ 870 RPM Starting Flow Charge Max				i e		Charge	Max			
Motor	Mechanism	Starting			Time in	Starting			Time in	Starting			Time in
HP	Size	HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Sec.	HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Sec.	HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Sec.
1/2	70C, 70D	.50	1	12	900	.62	1	15	850	.75	2	1	800
3/4	70C, 70D	.75	2	0	800	.94	2	3	570	1.1	2	6	500
1	75C, 75D	1.0	1	13	520	1.2	2	0	400	1.5	2	3	330
1-1/2	75C, 75D	1.5	2	2	330	1.9	2	7	300	2.2	2	10	250
		_											
Rated	FLEXIDYNE	1	75% @		M Max	200% @ 820 RPM							
Motor	Mechanism	Starting	Flow C	Flow Charge		Starting	Flow C	harge	Max				
HP	Size	HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Time in	HP	Lbs.	Oz.	Time in				
					Sec.				Sec.				
1/2	70C, 70D	.85	2	4	750	.94	2	6	570				
3/4	70C, 70D	1.3	2	8	400	1.4	2	12	350	-			
	70C, 70D 75C, 75D 75C, 75D	1.3 1.7 2.5	2 2 2	8 7 11	320 220	1.4 1.9 2.3	2 2	12 8 12	350 300 200	-			

Table 2 - Thermal Capacity

				,		2 - Thern			,				
	011	Maximum Allowable Acceleration Time in Seconds For Standard Motor Speeds of Various Starting Cycles											
	Starting HP		2 Hours	г	or Stand	1 Hour	r Speed:		0 Minute			5 Minute	<u> </u>
	1115	870	1160	1750	870	1160	1750	870	1160	1750	870	1160	1750
	.50	900			900			900			800		
	.75	800			800			800			700		
	1.0	550	500		550	500		550	500		500	450	
	2.0		260	210		260	210		260	210		230	190
70	2.5		190	180		190	180		190	180		165	160
70	3.0		170	150		170	150		170	150		155	140
	4.0		130	110		130	110		130	110		118	100
	6.0			80			80			80			72
	8.0			63			63			63			56
	10.0			53			53			53			46
				_					Time in S				
	Starting HP		10 Min		or Stand	ard Moto 5 Minutes			us Starti 2 Minutes			Minutes	
	"	870	1160	1750	870	1160	1750	870	1160	1750	870	1160	1750
	.50	500			250			100			50		
	.75	400			230			100			50		
	1.0	330	320		210	200		100	80		50	45	
	2.0		190	170		120	105		60	58		38	36
	2.5		143	140		88	85		49	45		33	29
70	3.0		133	120		80	74		45	39		28	25
	4.0		90	83		60	54		36	30		23	19
	6.0			60			38			21			13
	8.0			41			29			16			10
	10.0			36	i	i	00			13	i		8
1	10.0			30			23			l IO			0
	10.0			30			23			13			0
				1	Maximu	m Allowa	ble Acce	eleration	Time in S	Seconds			0
	Starting			1		m Allowa ard Moto	ble Acce	eleration s of Vario	us Starti	Seconds ing Cycle	es		
			2 Hours	F	Maximu or Stand	m Allowa ard Moto 1 Hour	ble Acce or Speeds	eleration s of Vario	us Starti 0 Minute	Seconds ing Cycle s	es 1	5 Minute	s
	Starting HP	870	2 Hours	F 1750	Maximu or Stand 870	m Allowa ard Moto 1 Hour 1160	able Acce or Speeds	eleration s of Vario 3 870	ous Starti 0 Minute 1160	Seconds ing Cycle s 1750	es 1 870	5 Minute 1160	s 1750
	Starting HP	870 520	2 Hours 1160	1750	Maximu or Stand 870 520	m Allowa ard Moto 1 Hour 1160	able Acce or Speeds	eleration s of Vario 3 870 520	ous Starti 0 Minute 1160	Seconds ing Cycle s 1750	9 s 1 870 520	5 Minute 1160	s 1750
	Starting HP	870 520 300	2 Hours 1160 250	1750	Maximu or Stand 870 520 300	m Allowa ard Moto 1 Hour 1160 	able Acce or Speeds	870 520 300	0 Minute 1160 250	Seconds ing Cycle s 1750	870 520 300	5 Minute 1160 220	s 1750
	Starting HP	870 520 300 200	2 Hours 1160 250 120	1750 	Maximu or Stand 870 520 300 200	m Allowa ard Moto 1 Hour 1160	1750	eleration s of Vario 3 870 520 300 200	ous Starti 0 Minute 1160	Seconds ing Cycle s 1750	870 520 300 200	5 Minute 1160	s 1750
	Starting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0	870 520 300	2 Hours 1160 250	1750	Maximu or Stand 870 520 300	m Allowa ard Moto 1 Hour 1160 250	able Acce or Speeds	870 520 300	9 Starti 9 Minute 1160 250 150	Seconds ing Cycle s 1750	870 520 300	5 Minute 1160 220 130	s 1750
75	Starting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0	870 520 300 200	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110	1750 	Maximu or Stand 870 520 300 200	m Allowa ard Moto 1 Hour 1160 250 150	1750	870 520 300 200	0 Minute 1160 250 150	Seconds ing Cycle s 1750	870 520 300 200	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100	s 1750
75	Starting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0	870 520 300 200	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90	1750 85	Maximu or Stand 870 520 300 200	m Allowa ard Moto 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90	1750 	870 520 300 200	0 Minute 1160 250 150 110 90	Seconds ing Cycle s 1750 85	870 520 300 200	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85	s 1750 80
75	Starting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 7.0	870 520 300 200	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90 75	1750 85 73	Maximu or Stand 870 520 300 200	m Allowa ard Moto 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90 75	1750 85	870 520 300 200	0 Minute 1160 250 150 110 90 75	Seconds ing Cycle s 1750 85 73	870 520 300 200	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85 70	s 1750 80 68
75	1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 7.0 8.0	870 520 300 200 	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90 75	F 1750 85 73 70	Maximu or Stand 870 520 300 200	m Allowa ard Moto 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90 75	1750 85 73	870 520 300 200	90 Starti 0 Minute 1160 250 150 110 90 75	Seconds ing Cycle s 1750 85 73	870 520 300 200 	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85 70	s 1750 80 68 64
75	1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 7.0 8.0 10.0	870 520 300 200 	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90 75 	85 73 70 58	Maximu or Stand	m Allowa ard Motor 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90 75	1750 85 73 70	870 520 300 200	90 Starti 0 Minute 1160 250 150 110 90 75	Seconds ing Cycle s 1750	870 520 300 200 	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85 70 	\$ 1750 80 68 64 53
75	1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 7.0 8.0 10.0	870 520 300 200 	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90 75 	## 1750	Maximu or Stand	m Allowa ard Motor 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90 75	1750 85 73 70 58 48	870 520 300 200	90 Starti 0 Minute 1160 250 150 110 90 75	85 73 70 58 48 40	870 520 300 200 	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85 70	\$ 1750 80 68 64 53 43
75	Starting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 7.0 8.0 10.0 15.0 20.0	870 520 300 200 	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90 75 	85 73 70 58 48	Maximu or Stand	m Allowa ard Motor 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90 75 m Allowa	1750 85 73 70 58 48 40	870 520 300 200 	90 Starti 0 Minute 1160 250 150 110 90 75 Time in S	85 73 70 58 48 40 Seconds	870 520 300 200 	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85 70	\$ 1750 80 68 64 53 43
75	Starting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 7.0 8.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 Starting	870 520 300 200 	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90 75 	85 73 70 58 48	Maximu or Stand 870 520 300 200 Maximu or Stand	m Allowa ard Moto 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90 75 m Allowa ard Moto	1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 able Acce or Speeds	870 520 300 200 eleration	90 75 Time in Starting O Minute 1160 250 150 110	85 73 70 58 48 40 Seconds	870 520 300 200 	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85 70	80 68 64 53 43 35
75	Starting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 7.0 8.0 10.0 15.0 20.0	870 520 300 200 	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90 75 	85 73 70 58 48 40	Maximu or Stand 870 520 300 200 Maximu or Stand	m Allowa ard Moto 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90 75 m Allowa ard Moto 5 Minutes	1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 able Accer Speeds	870 520 300 200 	90 75 Time in Sous Startic Minutes 2 Minutes	85 73 70 58 48 40 Seconds ing Cycle	98 1 870 520 300 200 	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85 70	80 68 64 53 43 35
75	Starting HP	870 520 300 200 870	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90 75 10 Min 1160	F 1750 85 73 70 58 48 40	Maximu 870 520 300 200	m Allowa ard Motor 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90 75 m Allowa ard Motor 5 Minutes 1160	1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 able Access 1750	870 800 800 800 800 800 800 800	1160 1160 250 150 110 90 75 Time in Sous Startic Minutes 1160	85 73 70 58 48 40 Seconds ing Cycle 5 1750	870 520 300 200 	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85 70 1 Minutes	\$ 1750 80 68 64 53 43 35
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75	Starting HP	870 520 300 200 870 420 210	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90 75 10 Min 1160 180	F 1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 F	Maximu or Stand 870	m Allowa ard Motor 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90 75 m Allowa ard Motor 5 Minutes 1160 110	1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 able Accer Speeds 1750	870 200 200 eleration of Various of Various of Various 870 100 80	1160	85 73 70 58 48 40 Seconds ing Cycle 58 70 58 58 70 58 70 58 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	870 520 300 200 8870 50 40	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85 70 1 Minutes 1160 40	\$ 1750 80 68 64 53 43 35
75	\$tarting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 7.0 8.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 \$tarting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0	870 520 300 200 870 420 210 150	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90 75 10 Min 1160 180 110	F 1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 F	Maximu or Stand 870	m Allowa ard Motor 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90 75 m Allowa ard Motor 5 Minutes 1160 110 65	1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 able Accer Speeds 1750	870 100 80 520	75 Time in Startic 2 Minutes 1160	85 73 70 58 48 40 Seconds ing Cycle 5 1750	870 520 300 200 870 50 40 30	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85 70 1 Minutes 1160 40 22	\$ 1750 80 68 64 53 43 35
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75	\$tarting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 7.0 8.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 \$tarting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0	870 520 300 200 870 420 210 150	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90 75 10 Min 1160 180 110 82 70	F 1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 F 1750 65	Maximu or Stand 870	m Allowa ard Motor 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90 75 m Allowa ard Motor 5 Minutes 1160 110 65 50 45	1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 able Acces r Speeds s 1750 40	eleration	1160	85 73 70 58 48 40 Seconds ing Cycle	870 520 300 200 870 50 40 30 	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85 70 1 Minutes 1160 40 22 18 16	\$ 1750 80 68 64 53 43 35
	\$tarting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 7.0 8.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 \$tarting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 7.0	870 520 300 200 870 420 210 150 	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90 75 10 Min 1160 180 110 82 70 60	F 1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 F 1750 65 57	Maximu or Stand 870	m Allowa ard Moto 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90 75 m Allowa ard Moto 5 Minutes 1160 110 65 50 45 38	1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 able Acces r Speeds s 1750 40 37	eleration	## Startic Company	85 73 70 58 48 40 Seconds ing Cycle	870 520 300 200 880 870 50 40 30 	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85 70 1 Minutes 1160 40 22 18 16 14	\$ 1750 80 68 64 53 43 35
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	Starting HP	870 520 300 200 870 420 210 150	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90 75 10 Min 1160 180 110 82 70 60	F 1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 F 1750 65 57 54 45	Maximu or Stand 870	m Allowa ard Motor 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90 75 m Allowa ard Motor 5 Minutes 1160 110 65 50 45 38	1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 able Access 73 70 58 48 40 able Access 1750 40 37 35 30	eleration	Time in Startic Minutes 1160	Seconds ing Cycle in Seconds in S	870 520 300 200 870 50 40 30 	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85 70 1 Minutes 1160 40 22 18 16 14	\$ 1750 80 68 64 53 43 35 1750 15 13 11 10
	Starting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 7.0 8.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 Starting HP 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 7.0 8.0 10.0 10.0 10.0	870 520 300 200 870 420 210 150	2 Hours 1160 250 120 110 90 75 10 Min 1160 180 110 82 70 60	F 1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 F 1750 65 57 54	Maximu or Stand 870	m Allowa ard Motor 1 Hour 1160 250 150 110 90 75 m Allowa ard Motor 5 Minutes 1160 110 65 50 45 38	1750 85 73 70 58 48 40 st Speeds 1750 40 37 35	eleration s of Vario 3 870 520 300 200	### Startic Company	Seconds ing Cycle in	870 520 300 200 88 870 50 40 30 	5 Minute 1160 220 130 100 85 70 1 Minutes 1160 40 22 18 16 14	\$ 1750 80 68 64 53 43 35

REPLACEMENT OF PARTS

COUPLINGS:

Disassembly:

- 1. Remove drive housing mechanism from driven shaft.
- 2. Remove filler plug and flow charge from FLEXIDYNE housing.
- 3. Remove housing screws, housing cover and cover seal.
- Remove screws that attach driven hub to rotor retainer. Remove driven hub and rotor.
- Remove bronze bushing retainer ring and slip bronze bushing off drive housing.
- Remove ball bearing snap ring and ball bearing. In removing ball bearing, place 3 equal length pins in the 3 holes thru the end of the drive housing and press against the pins. For sizes 70 and 75 use to 9/64 diameter pins.
- 7. Remove rotor retainer.

Reassembly:

- Install new seal felt and housing seal in drive housing.
- 2. Set rotor retainer in place in drive housing.
- 3. Press ball bearings onto drive housing. Note: Press against inner (not outer) race of bearing. Make sure rotor retainer is not cocked when bearing enters it. Check to see that rotor retainer rotates freely in housing seal.
- 4. Install ball bearing retaining ring.
- 5. Install bronze bushing and snap ring.
- 6. Install rotor and driven hub. Install and tighten screws.
- 7. Install cover seal in housing cover and place cover in position on drive housing. Install and tighten housing screws.
- 8. Replace flow charge and filler plug per STARTUP.

DRIVES:

Disassembly:

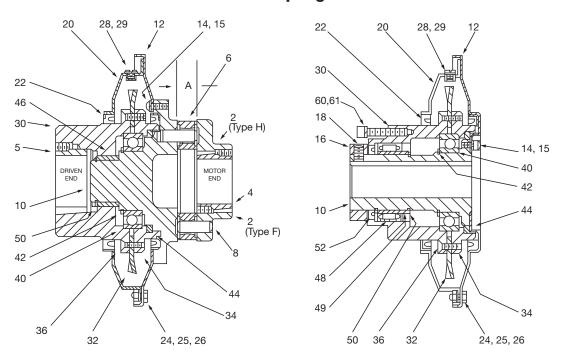
- Loosen set screws in collar and remove FLEXIDYNE drive from motor shaft.
- Remove filler plug and drain flow charge from FLEXIDYNE housing.
- 3. Remove sheave from FLEXIDYNE mechanism.
- Remove housing screws and remove housing cover. Remove cover seal.
- Remove collar. Remove the six rotor screws and slide driven hub off drive hub. Remove rotor.
- Remove needle bearing snap ring and needle bearing inner race.
- Remove the six drive hub screws and remove the drive hub housing. Remove housing seal.
- 8. Remove rotor retainer and seal felt.
- 9. Remove ball bearing snap ring and remove ball bearing.
- 10. Remove needle bearing and seal from driven hub by placing a plug in the left hand end (as viewed in the drawing) of driven hub bore and pressing against the plug.

Reassembly:

- 1. Press roller bearing into right hand end of driven hub. Make sure left hand end of bearing is ¼ from left hand end of driven hub. Roller bearing should be filled with high temperature roller bearing grease. Tap roller bearing seal into place, flush with left hand end of driven hub.
- Install housing seal in drive hub housing and attach drive hub housing to drive hub with six screws. Install seal felt on drive hub and rotor retainer in position in drive hub housing, making sure that housing seal is properly seated in drive hub housing.
- Press ball bearing onto drive hub. Press against inner (not outer) race of bearing. Rotor retainer must not be cocked when bearing enters it. Check, after pressing by making certain rotor retainer rotates freely in seal. Install ball bearing snap ring. Install needle bearing inner race and snap ring on drive hub.
- 4. Place rotor in position. Slide driven hub over drive hub. Install and tighten the six rotor screws.
- 5. Install cover seal. Install housing cover on drive hub housing so filler plug hole lines up with relief on the flange of drive hub housing. Install and tighten housing screws.
- Install motor shaft collar and filler plug. Place bolt-on sheave in position and install and tighten six sheave bolts.

Table 3 - Manufacturer's Part Numbers for Replacement Ball Bearings							
FLEXIDYNE Mechanism Size	Dodge Part Number	SKF Part Number	NEW DEPARTURE Part Number				
70C & 70D	391200	6010 2RS/ME	Z4993L10XIV				
75C & 75D	391200	6010 2RS/ME	Z4993L10XIV				

Parts Replacment for 70C, 70D 75C and 75D **FLEXIDYNE® Couplings and Drives**



Reference	Name of Part	No.	Part Number					
Reference	Name of Part	Required	70C	75C	70D	75D		
2	Coupling Flange Type H Type F	1	008041 008040	008043 008042				
4 5 6 8	Taper-Lock Bushing w/screws (Motor End) Taper-Lock Bushing w/screws (Driven End) POLY-DISC® Coupling Element Flange Pin	1 1 1 4	1215 1610 008032 409122	1615 1610 008033 409123				
10 12 14 15 16 18 ①	Drive Hub Drive Hub Housing Drive Hub Screw Lockwasher Drive Hub Collar Drive Hub Collar Set Screw Drive Hub Key	1 1 6 6 1 1	305076 305078 415100 419007 	305077 305078 415100 419007 	③ 305079 417020 419043 305135 ② 	④ 305079 417020 419043 305135 ② 443390		
20 22 24 25 26 28 29	Housing Cover Housing Seal Housing Screw Lockwasher Hex Nut Filler Plug Lockwasher	1 2 6 6 6 1	305091 305138 411296 419007 407082 305018 419190	305091 305138 411296 419007 407082 305018 419190	305091 305138 411296 419007 407082 305018 419190	305091 305138 411296 419007 407082 305018 419190		
30 32 34 36	Driven Hub Rotor Rotor Retainer Rotor Screw	1 1 1 6	305075 305094 305096 415052	305075 305095 305096 415052	305073 305094 305096 415052	305074 305095 305096 415052		
40 42 44 46 48 49 50 52	Ball Bearing Retaining Ring Duct Seat Bronze Bearing Needle Bearing Needle Bearing Inner Race Retaining Ring Bearing Seal	1 1 1 1 1 1 6 1	391200 421150 308024 426070 421004	391200 421150 308024 426070 421004	391200 421150 308024 426022 426039 421145 305139	391200 421150 308024 426022 426039 421145 305139		
60 61	Sheave Screw Lockwasher	4 4			417047 419045	417050 419045		

① Not shown on parts drawing. ② Size $70D \times 7/8 - 400062$, 2 required; Sizes $70D \times 11/8 \& 75D \times 11/8 - 400054$, 1 required & 400058, 1 required; Size $75D \times 13/8 - 400054$, 2 required. ③ 305069 required on Size $70D \times 7/8$; 305070 required on Size $70D \times 1-1/8$. ④ 305071 required on Size $75D \times 1-1/8$; 305072 required on Size $75D \times 1-3/8$.

 $[\]textcircled{6}$ 1 required on Size 75D \times 1-3/8 only. 6 1 required on FLEXIDYNE Coupling units; 2 required on FLEXIDYNE Drive units

Flexidyne Mechanism Trouble Analysis								
Symptom	Cause	Cure						
Vibration	 Misalignment Bent shaft Excess flow charge Fused flow charge Improper installation – Output shaft jammed against housing 	 Realign drive or coupling. Replace or straighten. Remove small amount of flow charge. Correct the overload. Readjust spacing between shafts and Flexidyne housing. 						
Erratic Acceleration	Breakdown of flow charge Caked flow charge Below minimum amount of flow charge	 Replace flow charge. Moist environment – use stainless flow charge. Add flow charge. 						
Flexidyne Mechanism Doesn't Slip	Improper installation – Output shaft jammed against housing Flow charge in bearings – causing bearing seizure	Readjust spacing between shafts and Flexidyne housing. Replace seals, bearings and flow charge or replace Flexidyne mechanism.						
Excessive Slippage	 Not enough flow charge Overload Worn flow charge Worn rotor 	 Add flow charge. Relieve overload Replace flow charge. Replace rotor. 						
Poor or short flow charge life	Excessive slip at start up Excessive inching or jogging of machine	Add flow charge to reduce starting time. Install time delay in motor control circuit.						

	Flexidyne Mechanism Flow Charge Analysis						
	Condition		Cause				
	Red oxide color, granular consistency Red oxide color, powdery consistency, possibly with powdery flakes		Normal after some usage. Worn-out, can cause Flexidyne mechanism damage.				
4.	Black, powdery Red oxide, powdery and chunky Clumping of flow charge	4.	Rotor worn, excessive slip and heat. Worn-out and moisture present. Moisture present, use stainless flow charge.				

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