INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR DODGE® No. 11 D, 11 DL & 15D FLEXIDYNE DRIVE

These instructions must be read thoroughly before installation or operation.

WARNING: To insure that drive is not unexpectedly started, turn off and lock out or tag power source before proceeding. Failure to observe these precautions could result in bodily injury.

DESCRIPTION

FLEXIDYNE dry fluid couplings are a unique concept to provide soft start and momentary overload protection for all types of driven equipment. Standard NEMA-B motors with RPM base speeds of 1750, 1160 or 860 are commonly used with a FLEXIDYNE, yet other available power sources may be used with the FLEXIDYNE.

The dry "fluid" in the FLEXIDYNE is heat treated steel shot. A measured amount, referred to as flow charge, is added into a housing which has been keyed to the motor shaft. When the motor is started, centrifugal force throws the flow charge to the perimeter of the housing, packs it between the housing and the rotor which in turn transmits power to the load.

After the starting period of slippage between housing and rotor the two become locked together and achieve full load speed, operating without slip and with 100% efficiency.

Consequently, the motor accelerates instantly to base speed, while the load starts gradually and smoothly.

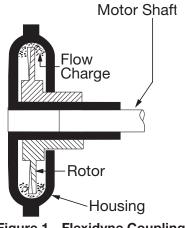


Figure 1 - Flexidyne Coupling

WARNING: Because of the possible danger to persons(s) or property from accidents which may result from the improper use of products, it is important that correct procedures be followed: Products must be used in accordance with the engineering information specified in the catalog. Proper installation, maintenance and operation procedures must be observed. The instructions in the instruction manuals must be followed. Inspections should be made as necessary to assure safe operation under prevailing conditions. Proper guards and other suitable safety devices or procedures as may be desirable or as may be specified in safety codes should be provided, and are neither provided by Dodge nor are the responsibility of Dodge. This unit and its associated equipment must be installed, adjusted and maintained by qualified personnel who are familiar with the construction and operation of all equipment in the system and the potential hazards involved. When risk to persons or property may be involved, a holding device must be an integral part of the driven equipment beyond the speed reducer output shaft.

INSTALLATION

Install sheave on driven hub using screws and lockwashers furnished. Torque screws to 580 inch-pounds. Do not use sheaves with set screws that exert pressure on the driven hub; they may distort the driven hub and damage the needle bearing. Slide the FLEXIDYNE Drive on the motor shaft with collar as close to motor as possible. Tighten key set screw securely against motor shaft key. Tighten shaft set screw against motor shaft. Note that drive hub must be installed on the motor shaft (or on other installations it must be the first part of the FLEXIDYNE to receive power from the power source) to permit proper operation of the FLEXIDYNE Drive.

START-UP

- The flow charge recommended in Table 1 is the amount per cavity required. To assure a more even initial distribution of flow charge, remove filler plugs and pour ¹/₂ of recommended amount in both cavities. Replace filler plugs being careful to clear threads of any flow charge. Manually rotate the FLEXIDYNE housing several turns. Remove filler plugs and pour in remaining amount of flow charge. Clear threads as before, replace filler plugs and torque to 200 in.-lbs. on sizes 11D & 11DL; 700 in.-lbs on size 15D.
- Attach AC ammeter (conventional clamp-on or equivalent) to one line of the AC motor. Set range to cover 200% of motor nameplate current.
- 3. Note maximum allowable acceleration time for FLEXIDYNE as stated in Tables 1 and 2. Note: Table 2 lists starting time capacity for starting cycles occurring more than once every 2 hours.
- 4. Push start button. Observe motor current during load acceleration and number of seconds required to reach full speed.

Increase amount of flow charge if:

- A. Acceleration time reaches maximum allowable before load is up to speed. Turn off power immediately if this time is reached.
- B. Acceleration amperage is below motor nameplate

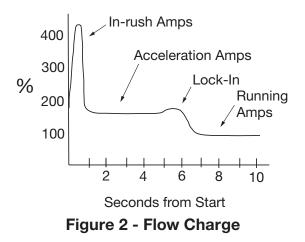
Decrease amount of flow charge if:

- A. Acceleration time is less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ seconds.
- B. Acceleration amperage is above 200% of motor nameplate.

CAUTION: The FLEXIDYNE rotor must slip during acceleration to allow flow charge to become evenly distributed in the FLEXIDYNE housing. There-fore, DO NOT ALLOW FLEXIDYNE MECHANISM TO RUN "FREE" (that is, without a load on the driven end), otherwise an out-of-balance condition may result, damaging mechanism.



The amount of flow charge in the FLEXIDYNE determines the acceleration time for a given load. Longer acceleration times will occur when less flow charge is used and faster acceleration, from stop to full speed, will be observed with greater amounts of flow charge.



OPERATION

The FLEXIDYNE should start the load smoothly and without delay provided the proper amount of flow charge has been used. Should the acceleration time exceed the maximum allowable in Table 1, shut off power to the FLEXIDYNE immediately. Allow the FLEXIDYNE to cool, then add small amounts of flow charge until proper acceleration is observed.

Vibration is an indication of accelerating too rapidly and not allowing flow charge to become evenly distributed in the FLEXIDYNE housing. This can be corrected by removing small amounts of flow charge until vibration subsides. Other causes of vibration are, undersize shafting, unit not installed far enough on shaft or worn bore in the unit.

Slippage – The FLEXIDYNE can, without slipping, transmit overloads up to 130% of its present starting torque. Should this breakaway torque be exceeded the FLEXIDYNE will slip and generate heat (see Overload Protection). Although slippage usually indicates increased loads, it can also be caused by worn flow charge or a worn rotor especially if the FLEXIDYNE has been in operation for some time. The necessity to replace either a rotor or flow charge will be made evident by a loss in power transmitting capacity of the FLEXIDYNE.

MAINTENANCE

For average industrial applications involving 3 or 4 starts a day of not mere than 6 seconds acceleration time each, the flow charge should be changed every 10,000 hours of operation. For more severe conditions, visually inspect flow charge at more frequent intervals; it should be changed when it has deteriorated to a half powder, half granular condition. Visual inspections should continue until enough flow charge changes have been made to adequately establish a schedule for renewing FLEXIDYNE flow charge.

The FLEXIDYNE has been lubricated at the factory and no further lubrication is required. Never apply grease, oil or any other foreign material to the flow charge.

THERMAL CAPACITY

Since there is slippage within the flow charge during acceleration, heat is generated from friction. The thermal capacity of the FLEXIDYNE is based on balancing this heat generated during acceleration against the cooling time between accelerations. The amount of heat generated is determined by the amount of horsepower dissipated by slipping and the duration of each acceleration. If the flow charge weight is light, the heat generated will not be as great as that which would be generated with a heavier flow charge, when compared at the same acceleration time. A longer time between starts will dissipate more heat; therefore, higher starting horsepowers may be transmitted, or longer acceleration times may be allowable. (See Starting Cycle) Acceleration times shown in Table 1 are for starting frequencies of one start per hour or less. If starting frequency is more than once per hour, use acceleration time for actual starting cycle shown in Table 2.

Acceleration times listed in Tables 1 and 2 are the MAXIMUM permissible for the various starting frequencies listed. The MINIMUM acceleration time required for proper FLEXIDYNE operation is 1 to 1½ seconds. This is the time required for the flow charge to be uniformly distributed around the housing cavity before the unit "locks in". Any acceleration time between the minimum and maximum listed is acceptable, although a shorter acceleration time will generally provide longer wear life. For applications requiring a specific acceleration time (within these limits) flow charge may be added or removed to produce the required results.

Stalled – If a jam-up stalls the drive, the motor continues to run and the FLEXIDYNE slips. This causes heat to be generated at twice the rate of normal acceleration. Therefore, the allowable slipping time, when stalled, is half the allowable acceleration time given in Table 1.

Starting Cycle is the time from the beginning of one acceleration to the beginning of the next. Allowable acceleration times in Table 2 are based on the assumption that the FLEXIDYNE will be running continuously except for a momentary stop before the next start. If the stop is more than momentary, decrease the actual starting cycle by one-half the stopped time before using Table 2; for example, with a 50 minute actual starting cycle of which 20 minutes is stopped time, decrease 50 by half of 20 to give 40 minutes as the starting cycle time to use for Table 2.

Grouped Starts – For several starts grouped together followed by uninterrupted running, add the acceleration times of all starts and consider it as the time for one start. The starting cycle would be the time from the beginning of one group of starts to the beginning of the next group.

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REPLACEMENT OF PARTS

Disassembly

- 1. Loosen set screws in collar and remove FLEXIDYNE Drive from motor shaft.
- 2. Remove filler plug and drain flow charge from FLEXIDYNE.
- 3. Remove housing screws and remove housing cover. Remove cover seal retainer by inserting a small pin in the holes for the drive screws and tapping on rod to remove drive screws. Remove cover seal.
- 4. Remove the four drive hub screws and remove the drive housing. Remove housing seal.
- 5. Remove seal felt and seal shield from driven hub. Remove rotor.
- 6. Remove collar, outer ball bearing snap ring, and slide driven hub off drive hub.
- 7. Remove inner ball bearing snap ring and remove ball bearing.
- 8. To remove needle bearing from driven hub, place a plug in the right hand end (as viewed in the drawing) of the driven hub and press on plug to remove bearing and seal.

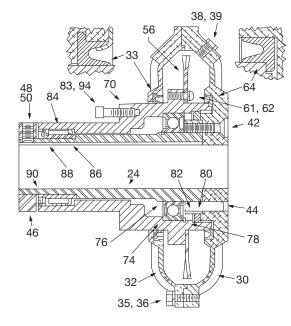
Reassembly

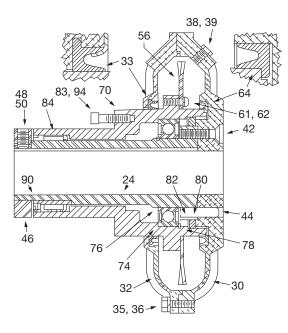
- Press needle bearing into driven hub. Left hand end of needle bearing should be 5/16 from left hand end of driven hub for size 11D and 11DL; ¼ from left hand end of driven hub for size 15D. Bearing should be completely filled with high temperature roller bearing grease. Tap needle bearing seal into place, flush with end of driven hub.
- 2. Press ball bearing onto drive hub, pressing against inner (not outer) race of ball bearing. Install inner ball bearing snap ring.
- 3. Slide drive hub into driven hub. Press against bearing not drive hub. Be careful not to damage needle bearing seal with any sharp edge on the drive hub during assembly.
- 4. Install outer ball bearing snap ring, seal shield, seal felt and motor shaft collar.
- 5. Place rotor in position on driven hub. Install and tighten rotor screws.
- 6. Stand FLEXIDYNE on collar end and place housing seal (red in color) in position on end of driven hub.

- 7. Using dowel pins as guides place drive housing in position and tap gently until housing starts to pass over housing seal. The seal may tend to cock. A wire or other blunt probe may be used to push outer corner of seal into position in drive housing. Rotating the driven hub may also help to position the seal properly. When seal is properly positioned tap drive housing into place. Install and tighten the four drive hub screws.
- 8. Install cover seal (gray in color) in drive housing cover. Line up holes in seal retainer with holes in cover and install drive screws.
- Place cover in position on drive housing so that filler plugs are diametrically opposed. Install and tighten housing screws.
- Install filler plug. Tighten to recommended torque of 200 inch-pounds for size 11D & 11DL; 700 inch-pounds for size 15D.

Replacement Parts for 11D, 11DL and 15D FLEXIDYNE Drive

Note: The two digit numbers are for reference only. Order parts by the six digit numbers in the Parts List. Each six digit number is a complete identification of the part or assembly.





Reference	Nam	ne of	No.	Pa	rt Numbe	ers	Reference	Nan	ne of	No.	Pa	rt Numbe	ers
Reference	Pa Pa	nrt	Req'd	11D	11DL	15D	Reference	Pa	art	Req'd	11D	11DL	15D
		1-3/8" Bore	1	391297					1-3/8" Bore	1	400131		
	Drive Hub	1-5/8" Bore	1	391300			1		1-5/8" Bore	1	400130		
1	And Housing	1-7/8" Bore	1	391386		391392	50	Shaft Set Screw	1-7/8" Bore	1	400130		400158
	Assembly	2-1/8" Bore	1		391388	391396		SCIEW	2-1/8" Bore	1		400126	400158
		2-3/8" Bore	1			391400			2-3/8" Bore	1			400154
	Housing Cover	And Seal	1	001404	001404	001404	56	Rotor		1	311006	311006	315006
32	Assembly 2		1	391464 311081	391464 311081	391494 315079	61	Rotor Screw		6	415108	415108	415112
	3 Housing Cov	/er		011001	011001	010075	62	Lockwasher		6	419009	419009	419010
33	③ Cover Seal		1	391255	391255	391256	64	Housing Seal	(Red)	1	311038	311038	315017
	Drive Screws a	and Retainer	'				70	Driven Hub		1	311005	311005	315005
35	Housing Screw	1	6	411057	411057	411072	74	Ball Bearing®)	1	391219	391219	391227
36	Lockwasher		6	419010	419010	419011	76	Inner Snap Rir	ıg	1	421019	421019	421027
38	Filler Plug		2	308021	308021	315021	78	Outer Snap Ri	ng	1	421032	421032	421039
39	Lockwasher		2	419121	419121	419123	80	Seal Felt		1	311024	311024	315024
42	Drive Hub Scre	ew ④	4	415070	415070	415078	82	Seal Shield		1	311027	311027	315027
46	Drive Hub Colla	ar	1	311020	311020	315020	84	Needle Bearin	g⑦	1	426024	426024	426028
		1-3/8" Bore	1	400130			86	Needle Bearin	g Inner Race®	1	426036		426037
	Kau Oat	1-5/8" Bore	1	400126			88	Needle Bearin	g Snap Ring	1	421018		421022
48	Key Set Screw	1-7/8" Bore	1	400126		400154	90	Needle Bearing Sea Screw		1	434003	434004	434005
	OCIUW	2-1/8" Bore	1		400122	400154	93			5	417114	417114	417181
		2-3/8" Bore	1			400154	94	Lockwasher		5	419011	419011	419013
	art numbers 24, 3			/e Hub) and	l 30 (Drive		(5) 4 req'd. or	n sizes 11D and 1	1DL; 6 req'd. on s	ize 15D.			
Housing)are f	itted and must be	ordered together	r				⑥ SKF Part I	No's. – 11D & 11D	DL: 60142RS/C3/F	RB; New	Departure I	Part No's. –	- 11D &
2 Includes p	arts listed immed	iately below.						14X1V; 15D–7731			-		
③ Parts mak	e up the assembl	ies under which t	hey are l	isted.			⑦Torrington	Part No's. – 11D	& 11DL: [??239]4	4120H; ⁻	15D: B-561	2.	
④ Included i	n Drive Hub and H	ousing Assembly					Torrington	Part No's. – 11D	& 11DL: IR4016; ⁻	15D: IR-4	85632.		

FLEXIDYNE Trouble Analysis

Symptom	Cause	Cure
Vibration	1. Misalignment	1. Realign drive or coupling
	2. Bent shaft	2. Replace or straighten
	3. Excess flow charge	3. Remove small amount of flow charge
	 Fused flow charge Improper installation - Output shaft jammed against housing 	 Correct the overload. Replace flow charge Readjust spacing between shafts and FLEXIDYNE
Erratic Acceleration	1. Breakdown of flow charge	1. Replace flow charge
	2. Caked flow charge	2. Moist environment - use stainless flow charge
FLEXIDYNE Doesn't Slip	 Improper installation - Output shaft jammed against housing 	 Readjust spacing between shafts and FLEXIDYNE
	2. Flow charge in bearings - causing bearing seizure	2. Replace seals, bearings and flow charge or replace FLEXIDYNE
Excessive Slippage	1. Not enough flow charge	1. Add flow charge
	2. Overload	2. Relieve overload
	3. Worn flow charge	3. Replace flow charge
	4. Worn rotor	4. Replace rotor
Poor or short flow charge life	1. Excessive slip at start-up	1. Add flow charge to reduce starting time
	2. Excessive inching or jogging of machine	2. Install time delay in motor control circuit

FLEXIDYNE Flow Charge Analysis

	Condition		Cause
1.	Red oxide color, granular consistency	1.	Normal after some usage
2.		2.	Worn-out, can cause FLEXIDYNE damage
	powdery flakes		
3.	Black, powdery	З.	Rotor worn, excessive slip and heat
4.	Red oxide, powdery and chunky	4.	Worn-out and moisture present
5.	Clumping of flow charge	5.	Moisture present, use stainless flow charge

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